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AND
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SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1819.

From the Washington City Gazette.
NEGOTIATIONS WITH FRANCE IN 1803.
A view of the negotiation between the United States and France, which resulted in the treaty of cession of 1803, from a M.S. work, entitled "Sketches of a diplomatic history."
The treaty of Lunéville, between the French republic and the Emperor of Germany, was signed on the 9th of February, 1801. By this compact the grand duchy of Tuscany was severed from the dominions of Austria, erected into a separate kingdom, and bestowed upon Louis, the infant duke of Parma, and grandson of Charles IV. of Spain. The policy of the republic notwithstanding this apparent liberality to a prince of the house of Bourbon, was less vigilant or rapacious than usual, and is sufficiently explained in the preceding and provisional treaty of St. Ildefonso, by which Spain retroceded to France the province of Louisiana. (1)
Of this cession the government of the U. S. had some intimation during the summer of 1801, and on the 28th Sept. of that year, informed their ministers recently appointed to the French republic, that "by some act concluded or contemplated between France and Spain, the mouth of the Mississippi river, with certain portions of adjacent country, was to pass from the latter to the former nation."
Any arrangement, having for its object the establishment of a French colony on the frontier of the United States, and which necessarily brought with it a French army, even put into the keeping of this army the key of our western territory, could not but be alarming to an administration both pacific and patriotic. Mr. Livingston was accordingly instructed to defeat, or delay the negotiation, if on his arrival at Paris it was still pending, and if concluded and found to embrace the Floridas, "to sound France on the transfer of these, or at least of the more western of the two, to the U. States." (2)
His minister did not reach his destination until the month of Nov. and it was not till June, 1802, that he thought himself sufficiently acquainted with the diplomatic carte du pays, to make any direct approaches to his object. (3) At this period he addressed a letter to the Spanish Charge des Affaires (M. D'Hervas) calculated to draw from that functionary the extent of the cession made to France by Spain, and to interpose some difficulties in relation to its execution. (4)
The answer of M. D'Hervas confirmed Mr. Livingston's suspicions, that the contracting powers had not understood each other, and from the same source, he soon after received "explicit assurances, that the Floridas were not included in the cession."
"In this state of things and till this point be settled," he says, "all that could be done here, will be to endeavor to obtain New-Orleans either by purchase, or by offering to make it a port of entry to France, on terms that shall promise advantages to her commerce and give her the means of introducing her wines and manufactures into our western country."
"I am now engaged," he adds, "in preparing a memoir on the subject of the mutual interests of France and the U. States, relative to Louisiana, by which I hope to convince them that both in a commercial and political view, the possession of it would be disadvantageous to France." (5)
In his next despatch, he announces the completion and circulation of his memoir, and his intention, "when he found how it worked, to come forward with some direct proposition," adding, "that he did not believe the affair of the Floridas was yet arranged with Spain."
Whatever were the merits of this memoir of our minister, (6) the French government did not discover in it sufficient reasons for departing from their policy of colonizing Louisiana. On the contrary they proceeded to organize a government and assigned two demi brigades for the defence of the province; and on the 19th of August, we find Mr. Livingston's hopes no longer resting on the broad and liberal basis of reciprocal interest, which he had suggested, but on the narrow and slippery foundation of a supposed difference between France and Spain in relation to the Floridas. "Notwithstanding," he says, "the appointment of general Victor and other officers, and among these a controller of the forces, no prefect is yet appointed, nor is the difference with respect to the Floridas settled. Spain insists that they are not ceded, and I have certain information that the French minister of marine says, without them, there is no Louisiana."
Believing that this difference of opinion between the two powers, offered an occasion favorable to his objects, he accordingly presented to the French minister of exterior relations, several propositions with regard to Louisiana—but to these he receives the general answer, "that every offer was premature, as it had been determined to take possession as a first step." (7). In the same despatch that gave this information, Mr. Livingston adds, "I have every reason to believe that the Floridas are not ceded;" and on the 28th October, wishing on this important point, to leave nothing to conjecture, he had made his way to a person of highly distinguished rank, character and consideration, (J. B.) with whom he had a conversation, which he thus details: "I told him, that the only cause of difference between us (the United States and France,) being the debt and Louisiana, I conceived that both might be happily adjusted by making an exchange with Spain, returning to them Louisiana, with the exception of New-Orleans, and taking in lieu thereof, the Floridas, which with New Orleans should be given to the United States, in discharge of the debt due by France to American citizens. He asked, (whether we should prefer the Floridas to Louisiana?) I answered, that there was no comparison in their value, but that we had no wish to extend our boundaries beyond the Mississippi, or give color to the doubts which had been entertained of the moderation of our views. He replied, that he believed any new cession on the part of Spain, would be extremely difficult, and that Spain had parted with Louisiana with great reluctance."
This answer could not fail to conclude Mr. Livingston's opinion, with regard to the extent of the cession made to France by Spain, and the sense entertained by the former, of her own right under it—of which, however, he presents a new and more striking illustration:—"The French ambassador," he says, at the Court of Spain, instructed to effect this object, (the cession of the Floridas to France) not with a view to us, but to procure for themselves a part in the Gulf, from which they may secure their own commerce and annoy that of Britain."
In a subsequent passage of the same letter, we discover the means employed by France to promote this negotiation: "the execution of the treaty of Madrid of 1801, in relation to Parma and Placentia, is to be demanded, or if refused evaded, to be enforced." The legitimate sovereign of these duchies (as was distinctly foreseen) declined to ratify a treaty to which he had not been a party, and by which his interests were sacrificed to those of his son; and the Spanish ambassador at Paris had no power to act in the case; whence the necessity of dispatching Beaumontville to Madrid, to seek from the king, in person, a fulfillment of those engagements which he had reluctantly taken. "To give efficacy to these measures, a corps d'armee was put into motion, and early in November Mr. Livingston announced to his government, "that the knot was cut, and that the difficulty with regard to Parma and Placentia, had ended in a tacit possession of the former." (8) In another letter, of a date which gave full time for ascertaining facts, we have five developments of the plot; Parma, acquired as we have seen, "was offered for the Floridas, and the price at which they would buy the one and sell the other, fixed at 40 millions of francs." (9) but Spain, who had already yielded Louisiana with great reluctance, could not now be persuaded to redeem Parma by a surrender of the Floridas. (10).
Failing, as we have thus seen, to brag the Spaniard into a cession of these provinces; on the eve of a new rupture with G. Britain, (which called for additional supplies to the public treasury, and even made necessary extraordinary means for the preservation of Louisiana) solicitous, besides to adjust his differences with the United States, the 1st consul, early in January, appointed general Beaumontville, his Minister plenipotentiary and extraordinary at Washington, with power to settle all points in discussion between the two nations. There is, however, no great reason to believe that this measure was seriously contemplated, much less positively adopted, by Beaumontville, whose maxim it was, to bring negotiations with foreign powers near to himself; and, if possible, under his own inspection; and who, but meant, by promulgating the report of this extraordinary mission, to make favorable impressions on England, and, at the same time, to quicken the overtures of Mr. Livingston, which from causes not to be revealed to France, had been slowly and cautiously made.— (11) Nor, if we judge by the event, was the measure badly calculated for the last purpose; for on the 10th Jan. 1803, the American minister came forward with his first, regular and written propositions, obviously founded on the error, that Beaumontville's negotiation at Madrid would succeed. These propositions were:—
1st. That France should cede to the U. States, so much of Louisiana as lay on the west side of the Mississippi and north side of the Arkansas river;
2d. That France should retain the re-

mainder of Louisiana, lying west of the Mississippi and south of the Arkansas;
3d. That France should hold the territory lying between the Atlantic and the river Perdido; and
4th. That she should cede to the United States the territory lying between the Perdido and the Mississippi.
The first of these articles was recommended by the security it would afford to that portion of Louisiana, (proposed to be left to France) against British aggression, from the side of Canada, the second, by the barrier it would interpose between the United States and Spanish America; the third, by the importance to France, of holding the principal ports in the Gulf; and the fourth by the pecuniary advantages which might be connected with the arrangement, and by the obvious interest she had in quieting the United States, on the subject of their right to navigate the Mississippi, &c.
After waiting fourteen days for an answer to these suggestions, and probably despairing of obtaining one, Mr. Livingston on the 24th of January, 1803, transmitted a copy of them to Washington, and took occasion to renew his complaints against his own government, which had avoided furnishing him with any precise instruction how to act, or what to offer; (12) and against that of France, which left him so often and so long, without answers to the notes and memoirs (13) he had presented. Becoming impatient, if not indignant under this last cause of offence, and suspecting what he had written had not been permitted to reach the first consul, he on the 27th of February, 1803, turning aside from the course usually travelled and dispensing altogether with the agency of M. Talleyrand, addressed a letter directly to Beaumontville, in which he pressed:
1st The payments of the debts due by France to American citizens;
2d. The acknowledgement, on the part of France, of our right of deposit at New-Orleans; and
3d. An exposition of the limits of Louisiana, under the late retrocession of that province by Spain.
To this letter M. Talleyrand answered, on the part of the first consul, that the debts should be promptly and punctually paid and that all the other points in discussion would be adjusted at Washington between the government of the U. States and the French Minister who should be sent thither.
On the 11th of April, after recapitulating the means he had employed to induce Napoleon to part with Louisiana, Mr. Livingston informs the secretary of state, that a resolution to sell had been taken, in council, the preceding Saturday. In this letter we find also a direct approach of the French minister to the question of price, (14) "M. Talleyrand asked me this day, whether we wished to have the whole of Louisiana? to which I answered, that our wishes extended only to New-Orleans and the Floridas, but that the policy of France must dictate, whether she would give also the country north of the Arkansas river.—He (Talleyrand) thought that if they gave N. Orleans the rest would be of little value, and repeated his question, 'what will you give for the whole?' I answered, that we should not object to twenty millions, provided our citizens were paid out of it. He thought the offer too low, desired me to reflect upon it, and assured me that what he had said, was spoken without authority." To this Livingston adds, "if we succeed, it will be good policy to give Spain the west bank of the Mississippi, in exchange for the Floridas." On the 13th of April, Mr. Talleyrand renewed his enquiry with regard to price, but Mr. Monroe, who had arrived on the 11th, not having yet presented his credentials, nor being present at this interview, Mr. Livingston declined making an offer. On the same day the minister of the treasury, opened himself fully and distinctly to Mr. Livingston, telling him the determination of the First Consul to sell, the price he would take, and the probability that he, Mr. Monroe, would be the negotiator on the part of France.
(1) The treaty of St. Ildefonso was dated on the 1st October, 1800.
(2) Instructions to Mr. Livingston, dated 26th of September, 1801.
(3) The circumstances which most impeded his progress, are detailed in his letter of the 13th of May, 1803, with a narrative rarely found in diplomatic writing, and of which we offer the following specimen:—"On my arrival I found the character and credit of our nation very low; they were considered as interested speculators, whose God was money. The features of our statesmen, drawn from our newspaper caricatures, were considered as real likenesses, and the democracy of America was believed to be the mad jacobinism of France. The President was considered as amongst the most mad, because the head of the party, and it was not doubted but that his minister to France partook of his frenzy."
(4) See Mr. Livingston's letter to the Secretary of State of the 19th of July, 1802.
(5) Idem.
(6) The title of this work was *Memoire sur cette question—est il, avantageux pour la France de prendre possession de la Louisiane?*
(7) Mr. Livingston's letter of the 1st September 1802. Louisiana was, no doubt, the spot on which the political Archimedes, of

the day meant to place the lever, with which north and south America were to be moved. This stream yielded to another, that of conquering Mexico, in Spain; after which, Louisiana became a subject of many fiscal calculations.
(8) Mr. Livingston's letter of the 10th Nov. 1802.
(9) Despatch of the 13th of May, 1803.
(10) This fact is abundantly established by the subsequent letters of our minister. On the 26th Dec. he says "France has not yet got Florida," and on the 3d of March, 1803, he informs the Secretary of State, "that had the Floridas been granted, and the necessary powers given, something might have been effected—they (the Floridas) are still in the hands of Spain." On the 24th of March, he adds, "Florida is not yet ceded, nor as I hope likely to be so."
(11) Want of powers.
(12) Mr. Livingston had now been fourteen months in France. His departure in 1801, had been pressed on the ground of the urgency of the case, and the sensibility of the government and country to the occupation of Louisiana by France; yet in all this time, he was but authorized to sound the French government on the transfer of the Floridas.
(13) The silence of the French government, on this occasion, was created by Mr. L. himself. His propositions disposed of two provinces which they did not claim, and to obtain which, they had tried the effects of an armed negotiation in vain. While this experiment was making, as it was in January, it was surely not blameable in the French Minister to be silent.
(14) It is amusing to see how this old Politician played his game. When Mr. Livingston first mentioned money, and talked of buying New-Orleans, the face and frame of the French veteran apparently suffered a violent spasm; he intreated Mr. Livingston not to repeat the proposition; that it would be deemed affronting; that France was not needy, but that if she were, she certainly was not driven to the indecency of supplying her wants by selling her provinces. "But when he finds Mr. L. sinking under this and similar repulses, he reinvigorates him by asking, 'what will you give for the whole?' and on hearing his answer he replies, 'your price is too low, reconsider the subject and remember, that in what I have said, I have not spoken Ex Cathedra.'"
(To be continued.)

ALEXANDRIA:
SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1819.
FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT AT WASHINGTON
Friday, January 29.
The military appropriation bill, as amended by the senate, passed yesterday. There being a provision in it to appropriate twenty thousand dollars to make good a treaty with an Indian of the Choctaw nation, Mr. Storrs called for information respecting the nature of the treaty—not that he knew he should be opposed to it, but that he wished to understand the nature of the thing. The chairman of the committee of ways and means, Mr. Smith, of Maryland, informed the gentleman and the house that the measure was confidential; but that if the galleries were cleared, it should be made known to the house. The gallery was therefore cleared, and the house sat for some time with closed doors.
Mr. Rhea then fell to, upon the Seminole question, and I came away and left him speaking.
Baltimore, January 28.
The Portuguese ship Society, Felix, detained in the Bay by the revenue cutter Active, captain Beard, arrived yesterday evening—she was in possession of a prize crew under Artigas' flag—is a ship about 800 tons, and said to be laden with crates of E. India ware, &c. [Coffee House Books].
A report made to the legislature of Kentucky relative to the penitentiary of that state, estimates the value of articles manufactured in one year, ending on the 30th of September last, at \$30,065 40; the cost of raw materials consumed during the year, 20,676 95; the expenses of the institution, 9,086 93; giving a net profit in one year of \$476 93.
The receipts at the treasury of Kentucky during the year ending Nov. 10, 1818, including the balance on hand at the commencement of the year, amounted to \$238,150 69. The expenditures during the year amounted to \$201,509 99. The receipts of the current year, including the balance on hand, are estimated at 151,676 dollars, and the expenditure at 143,140 dollars.
FROM BERMUDA.
A commercial friend, (says the Norfolk Herald) has favored us with the following extracts of a letter from his correspondents, dated
"St. Georges, (Bermuda) Jan. 1.
"The prices of slaves and lumber, generally, having advanced considerably since we last addressed you, we beg leave to wait on you with quotations. The demand which now exists for these articles in Jamaica, and which will rather increase than diminish for some months to come, will, we think, keep up the prices here, if it does not augment them. We take this opportunity of annexing a list of rates, which we are willing to substitute for the usual charges of commission, where goods are merely sent us to be re-shipped to other ports; these rates to cover all expenses incident on the transaction, duties excepted; of which none at present exist on any articles imported from the United States, and a very trifling one on rum from the colonies; which last is saved by keeping it afloat, or transshipping

it from one vessel to another without landing. We are respectfully, &c."
List of Rates per quantity for re-shipping goods, in lieu of a charge of commission.
Rum and molasses, one cent per gallon; sugar 10 cents per cwt.; coffee, ginger, pimento, rice, &c. 12 1/2 cents per 100 lbs.; flour 25 cents per barrel; lumber and staves 3 dols. per M.; other goods in proportion.
When sales are effected the regular mercantile commissions to be charged; and, if the goods have been landed, half the above rates may be substituted in lieu of storage, wharfage, &c.
Present prices of American produce at this port, are:
For white oak staves 60 a 65 dols. per M. of 1200; actual sales, and rather inferior quality; red oak do 40 a 45, do; white pine lumber 25 a 27, do; pitch pine do 30 a 35, nominal, there being none at market; best shingles 6 a 8, do; flour, Philadelphia, superfine, 11 a 12 per bbl., sales at latter price; Indian meal 6, do; corn 1 1/4 a 1 1/2 per bushel; rice 3 a 3 1/2 per 100 lbs.
Boston, January, 22.
We are indebted to Mr. Hooper of the Exchange Reading Room for Paris papers to Dec. 7, received by the Margaret, Melus from Rochelle. They contain no news of importance. The foreign troops had all left France, and the English troops had all left the continent. The allied sovereigns were on their way to their respective homes. Lord Castlereagh and the Duke of Wellington were at Paris. An expedition, commanded by Captain Philibert, was on the eve of sailing for different parts of the East Indies. Mr. Perrotet a Botanist is to be joined to the expedition for the purpose of carrying out various productions of France, and bringing home vegetables of the other hemispheres. He carries with him more than 500 kinds of seeds, and an assortment of fruit trees. It is said that the government have determined to put naturalists on board all the vessels which go from the French ports.—The produce of the vintage of this year for the kingdom of Wurtemberg is estimated at 10 millions of florins and that of Baden of 20 millions. The produce of the last vintage was so abundant in some parts of Italy that the quintal of grapes has paid but 16 sous. Great quantities of Wine have been put in cisterns for want of casks.
Mr. Ritchie, an English traveller, 26 years of age, has embarked at Marseilles for Africa, accompanied by Mr. Dupont a young Frenchman, on a tour of discovery in the interior of that continent. Mr. Ritchie was Secretary of the present embassy at the court of France, when learning that it was the intention of the ministry to send an agent to the interior of Africa, on the invitation of the Dey of Tripoli, he earnestly solicited the appointment.
The emperor of Austria was expected to arrive at his capital on the 3d of December. The count of Wallis, Austrian Minister of finance died suddenly of an apoplexy about the end of November. The Persian Ambassador, Mirza Abdul Hassan Chan, was expected at Vienna, on his way from St. Petersburg, where he had resided some years to Paris and London.
French five per cents 69
By Last Evening's Mail.
FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS, MESSRS. LANG, TURNER & CO.
New-York, Wednesday, 12 o'clock.
FROM ISLE OF MAN.
We learn from capt. Joachim, of the brig Belvidere, that on the 24th of December, a Portuguese schooner arrived at the Isle of May from Port Praya St. Jago, with officers, troops and guns, to erect fortifications and put the place in a state of defence against any further depredations from the piratical Patriot privateers. A new general had recently arrived at Port Praya from Lisbon, to succeed the former one.
The undersigned renders sincere thanks to his friends and the public, who so promptly saved his property from the late fire in Union-street,—a grateful recollection of which he shall ever retain.
NUGENT REILLY.
January 30
The industrious Poor are requested to call at the House of Industry, where they may be furnished with work.
ANTHONY CREASE, President.
January 23
Exchange Coffee-House
MARINE JOURNAL
PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, January 29
CLEARED.
Sloop Brothers, Chadwick, Savannah.
Schr Hilan, Hand, at Philadelphia 29th inst. up for this port.
THIS DAY,
Will be Sold
Two-thirds of the good ship FAIR-WEATHER, at Dean's wharf, on a credit of 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, for notes with approved endorsers.
P. G. MARSTELLER, Auct.
For Sale.
TEN puncheons of high flavored Atigua Rum. Apply to
JAMES SANDERSON/
Jan 22

THE ATRIUM
This EVENING, January 30
Will be performed Goldsmith's comedy of
Conedy of
She Stoops to Conquer
or
THE MISTAKES OF A NIGHT
Old Harcastle, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Sir C. Marlow, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Young Marlow, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Hastings, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Tony Lumpkin, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Digby, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Lawford, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Servants &c.
Mrs. Harcastle, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Miss Harcastle, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Miss Neville (her first appearance in Alex'd.)
Maid, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
To which will be added the Oper
Farce of
ROSINA.
Beville, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Captain Belville, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Rustic, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
William, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Isis Whisman, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
2d do, Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Rosina, Mrs. G. G. G.
Phebe, Mrs. G. G. G.
Dorcas, Mrs. G. G. G.
Reapers, &c. &c. by the Com
During the Opera, the following So
Duets:
'Her mouth which a smile,' Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
'Whist with village maids,' Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
'Light as thistle down,' Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Duet 'For you my sweet maid,' Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
'When William at eve,' Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Duet, 'I've kiss'd and I've prattled,' Mrs. Russell & Mr. Thos. G. G. G.
Doors open at half past 5, and
manoe to commence at half past 6.
(7) Tickets to be had at the house
of Mr. Biggins from 10 till 1, and
till 4—and in the evening during per
formance. No smoking allowed.
(8) No postponement on any
whatsoever.
For Sale or Rent.
The brick dwelling house
of Mr. King street adjoining the
house of Mr. James Engh
and lately occupied by
Jackson.—For terms apply to
NEWTON KE
Jan 30
Music.
GEORGE W. GRONLUND.
Of music, and tuner of pianos
must respectfully inform the lad
gentlemen of Alexandria that he
has his short stay to occupy the
as leader of Mr. Caldwell's orchestra
leisure, in tuning piano fortes. It
will be moderate, and unless he
faction to those who will honor his
call, he charges nothing.
Apply at his lodgings, at Mr.
next door to the Mechanics Hall
street.
Jan 30
Great Natural Curios
THERE is now exhibiting at
Tavern, upper end of King
remarkably large
Hug, weighing about 100
It is believed he is the largest
the kind ever exhibited in this place.
Admission 125 cents—Children 50
January 30
Notice.
I HAVE taken up a boat, astray
and would wish to let it be
the public at large that she is 2
feet in length, and about 5 feet in
—and if any owner comes and
property, and tells any particular
said boat, and pays the expense of
verification, he shall take the
and ask no questions.
January 30
LOVEL CARP
Mechanic Relief Soc
A STATED quarterly meeting
of the Mechanic Relief Society will
at the court house on Wednesday
the 3d of February, at 6 o'clock.
By order, JAMES S. SC
January 30
Steam-Pump Notice
A meeting of the President
of the Steam-Pump Co.
held on the 19th ult. it was ordered
stockholders be required to make
payment of two dollars upon each
and at a meeting held on the 27
was ordered that it be required to
with an additional sum of three do
on each share, on or before the 2
next.
Stockholders are requested to
make the above payments to
January, treasurer, as soon as con
possible. The amount is wanted
the expense of experiments now
determining the value of the machi
Put by order of the Treas
Directors.
Jan 30
To Rent.
That new brick dwell
situated on King-
street, A. C. Cazenove
—how occupied by S. Har
Also a store and ware house, with
ed cellars, fitted up for business, at
west corner of King and Patria
and a comfortable frame dwelli
with stable and garden, next to
Possession of any of the proper
had immediately. RICHARD S
Who having relinquished busine
it accounts to be handed for sel
his wife's counting room

from one vessel to another without land-
ing. We are respectfully, &c.
List of Rates per quantity for re-shipping
goods, in lieu of a charge of commission.
Rum and molasses, one cent per gallon;
sugar 10 cents per cwt.; coffee, ginger, pi-
per, rice, &c. 12 1/2 cents per 100 lbs.;
our 25 cents per barrel; lumber and slaves
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When sales are effected the regular mer-
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Present prices of American produce at this
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pine lumbr 25 a 27, do; pitch pine do 30
35, nominal, there being none at market;
chest shingles 6 a 8, do; flour, Philadelphia,
superfine, 11 a 12 per bbl., sales at latter
price; Indian meal 8, do; corn 1 1/2 a 1 1/4
per bushel; rice 3 a 3 1/2 per 100 lbs.
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and put the place in a state of defence a-
gainst any further depredations from the pi-
ratical Patriot privateers. A new general
had recently arrived at Port Praya from
Lisbon, to succeed the former one.
The undersigned ren-
ders sincere thanks to his friends and the
public, who so promptly saved his property
from the late fire in Union-street, a grate-
ful recollection of which he shall ever re-
tain.
NUGENT REILLY.
January 30
The industrious Poor
are requested to call at the House of In-
dustry, where they may be furnished with
work.
ANTHONY CREASE,
Jan 23 President.
Exchange Office-House
MARINE JOURNAL
PORT OF ALEXANDRIA...January 20.
CLEARED.
Sloop Brothers, Chadwick, Savannah.
Schr Hilan, Hand, at Philadelphia 28th
inst. out for this port.
THIS DAY.
Will be Sold
Two-thirds of the good ship FAIR-
TRADER, at Dean's wharf, on a
credit of 3, 6, 9 and 12 months, for notes
with approved endorsers.
P. G. MARSTELLER, Auct.
For Sale.
TEN puncheons of high flavored An-
tigua Rum. Apply to
JAMES SANDERSON
Jan 22

THEATRE.
This EVENING, January 30,
Will be performed Goldsmith's celebrated
Comedy of
She Stoops to Conquer,
or
THE MISTAKES OF A NIGHT.
Old Hardcastle, Mr. Thomas.
Sir C. Marlow, Gray.
Young Marlow, Wilke.
Hastings, Hayes.
Tony Lumpkin, Russell.
Digory, Stamp.
Lawford, Jones.
Servants &c.
Mrs. Hardcastle, Mrs. Legg.
Miss Hardcastle, Mrs. Hayes.
Miss Neville, (her first appearance in Alex'ia.) Russell.
Maid, Thomas.
To which will be added the Operatical
Farce of
ROSINA.
Beville, Mr. Jones.
[his first appearance here.]
Captain Beville, Hayes.
Rustic, Gray.
William, Stamp.
Mr. Irishman, Russell.
do do Wells.
Rosina, Mrs. Gray.
(late Miss Trajetta.)
Phebe, Russell.
Dorcas, Thomas.
Reapers, &c. &c. by the Company.
During the Opera, the following Songs and
Duets:
'Her mouth which a smile,' Mr. Jones.
Beautiful maid, do.
'Whilst with village maids,' Mrs. Gray.
'Light as thistle down,' do.
Duet 'For you my sweet maid,'
'When William at eve,' Mrs. Jones & Mrs. Gray.
Duet, 'I've kiss'd and I've prattled,'
Mrs. Russell & Mr. Stamp.
Doors open at half past 6, and perfor-
mance to commence at half past 6 o'clock.
Tickets to be had at the box office
of Mr. Higgins from 10 till 1, and from 3
till 4—and in the evening during perfor-
mance. No smoking allowed.
(No postponement on any account
whatever.) January 29
For Sale or Rent.
The brick dwelling house on
King street adjoining the ware-
house of Mr. James English, and
late occupied by Captain
Jackson.—For terms apply to
NEWTON KEENE.
Jan 30 s3v
Music.
GEORGE WM. GRONLUND, profes-
sor of music, and tuner of piano fortes,
most respectfully informs the ladies and
gentlemen of Alexandria that he intends dur-
ing his short stay to occupy the hours, he,
as leader of Mr. Caldwell's orchestra is at
teisure, in tuning piano fortes. His price
will be moderate, and unless he gives satis-
faction to those who will honor him with a
call, he charges nothing.
Apply at his lodgings, at Mr. Irwin's,
next door to the Mechanics Bank, King-
street.
Jan 30 stuth3t*
Great Natural Curiosity.
THERE is now exhibiting at Mr. Legg's
Tavern, upper end of King-street, a
remarkably large
Hog, weighing about 1000 lbs.
It is believed he is the largest animal of
the kind ever exhibited in this place.
Admittance 125 cents.—Children half price
January 30 3t*

PRINTING,
All its various branches,
AT
DAVIS'S
PRINTING OFFICE,
PRINTER'S ALLEY,
In the rear of W. F. Thomson's drug store,
Fairfax-street,
ALEXANDRIA.
NEW CLOVER SEED
RECEIVED this day, and on sale by
T. CRUSE.
Also,
Butter in firkins, and whiskey in barrels.
January 29
Notice.
THE partnership of Paton & Butcher
John W. Massie & Co. and Ezra Kin-
sey & Co. being dissolved by the decease
of Jno. B. Paton as far as relates to his inter-
est in their concerns, notice is hereby given
to those persons indebted, whose time of
Credit has expired, that payment of their
accounts is required immediately.
WILLIAM PATON,
JONATHAN BUTCHER,
JOHN W. MASSIE,
EZRA KINSEY.
1 Mo. 20 d6thistudw
Public Sale
BY virtue of a decree from the chancery
court of Charles county, will be sold
at public sale to the highest bidder, at the
Trap, in Durham parish, Charles county,
on Tuesday the 2nd day of February next,
if fair, if not, the next fair day, part of a
tract of land called the Blue Plains, lying
in the parish and county aforesaid, contain-
ing about one hundred and sixty acres.
This land lies compact, and is heavily
covered with red and white oak growth,
some of the latter very valuable timber for
various uses, and it is believed is an object
worth the attention of persons engaged in
the wood and timber business, as it is en-
tirely in woods, lies very level, and not
more than two or two and an half miles
from Potomac river, and the way level and
good.
The terms of sale are that the purchaser
or purchasers give bond and good security
for the payment of the purchase money,
bearing interest from the day of sale, pay-
able in two equal payments of six and twelve
months, and on the payment of the purchase
money and interest, and not before, the
commissioners will, by a good and sufficient
deed, executed and acknowledged accord-
ing to law, convey to the purchaser or
purchasers, his her or their heirs, free from
all claims of the petitioners, their right title
and interest in and to the same, both at law
and in equity.
THOMAS PRICE, Sen.) Commis-
THOMAS H. REEDER) sioners.
December 26 SF2
Little River Turnpike Co.
January 11, 1819.
A DIVIDEND of six per cent for the
year ending December 31, 1818, is
this day declared, and will be paid to the
stockholders in this company, or their legal
representatives, on the 1st day of Feb-
ruary next. JONAH THOMPSON,
Treasurer.
The stockholders in the Little River
Turnpike Company, at their annual meet-
ing on the 1st of January, 1819, having or-
dered that all the certificates of stock in said
company heretofore issued, be called in
and cancelled, and new certificates issued
in place thereof, and that the fractional
parts of shares be brought into whole shares,
as far as practicable, the stockholders are
therefore requested to forward their cer-
tificates to the treasurer as soon as convenient,
that the said order may be carried into ef-
fect without loss of time.
By order of the directors,
JONAH THOMPSON,
Jan 14 thistudF12 Treasurer.
Notice.
THE subscriber will apply to the presi-
dent and directors of the Union Bank
of Alexandria, for the renewal of the follow-
ing certificates of fifty shares of stock in that
bank, from No. 22,638 to No. 22,687 inclu-
sive, issued in the name of Wm. Polon, Jr.
dated 21st day of November, 1814, and
lost by him. N. HERBERT
January 9 s21F Administrator.
Coffee, Whiskey, &c
FORTY bags green coffee.
25 bbls whiskey (Balt inspection)
26 boxes prime Spanish segars, land-
ing and for sale by
SAML. MESSERSMITH,
who has in store
20 casks French cheese of good qual-
ity.
100 boxes Hyles mould candles.
45 do fancy soap
500 wraps wrapping paper
6 bbls Jamaica rum, &c. &c.
Jan 28 3t
Notice to Builders.
PROPOSALS will be received at the of-
fice of the Fire Insurance Company of
Alexandria, for reinstating the ware houses
of John & Phineas Janney lately destroyed
by fire, until the 6th of February next.
By order of the committee.
J. B. NICKOLLS, Secretary.
January 29 3t
Ground Plaster.
I HAVE on hand a large quantity of
GROUND PLASTER in barrels and
in bulk, which I will sell for CASH.
A. P. GOVER.
Lost.
ON Monday night, at the fire in Union-
street, a gold BREAST-PIN, set with
pearl. The finder will be liberally reward-
ed by leaving it at this office.
January 27 3t
Sugar and Beef.
FIFTY barrels Muscovado sugar
70 barrels No. 1 beef
Landing from sloop Joseph and for sale by
Jan 25 LAWSON & FOWLE.

To Rent.
THE subscriber will rent, and give im-
mediate possession of that convenient
dwelling house on Pitt-street, opposite St.
Paul's church, or the house at present oc-
cupied by herself on Duke-street, between
Pitt and St. Asaph streets.
MARGARET R. CHAPIN.
January 28 3t
Morning and Evening Stage.
To and from Georgetown, Washington City
and Alexandria, now running,
WILL leave Crawford's tavern, in
Georgetown, at 10 o'clock; A. M.
passing through the city of Washington
calling at all the public houses on the Ave-
nue, and arrive at Alexandria by half past
11 o'clock—leave Brown's City Hotel A-
lexandria, every evening at 4 P. M. and
arrive at Georgetown the same evening.
Fare 1 dollar.—All baggage and parcels
at the risk of the owner or owners thereof.
THE PROPRIETORS.
N. B. Books are kept at Messrs. Davis
& Oneal's Tavern, City of Washington,
for the entry of passengers in the above
line.
The Coachee will leave Brown's City
Hotel, Alexandria, at 10 o'clock A. M. and
arrive at Georgetown at 5 past 11 o'clock
passing thro' Washington, and returning
leave Crawford's at 4 o'clock, arrive at Alex-
andria the same evening.
By means of this arrangement persons
having business to transact in either place
may be accommodated with a cheap and
expeditious conveyance.
January 22
Bank of Alexandria,
January 13, 1819.
IN order that I may be enabled to perform
the duty, enjoined in the following com-
munication from the secretary of the treas-
ury, I beg leave to direct it to the attention
of "all public officers and agents holding
public moneys" in this vicinity, and to re-
quest that the gentlemen who may deposit
money in this bank, in conformity to the
prescribed regulation, will express the na-
ture of the fund to which the deposits re-
lates.
J. L. McKENNA, Cash'r.
"Treasury Department Dec. 8, 1818."
"Sir—By a regulation of the president,
all public officers and agents holding pub-
lic moneys whether collected by them or
received by them to be disbursed, were
required by them to keep the same in the
Bank of the United States, or such of its of-
fices as might be convenient to them; and
where no offices are established, such moneys
were to be kept in the banks authori-
zed to receive the public deposits. In or-
der to see that this regulation was complied
with, and to ascertain the sums actually
in the possession of such officers and agents
from time to time, the Bank of the United
States and its offices, and the other banks
above mentioned, were instructed to note
in the monthly returns, which they are re-
quired to render to this department of the
state of their affairs, the amount standing in
such banks to the credits of such officers or
agents respectively. This instruction has
not been attended to with sufficient exact-
ness; and it has therefore, become neces-
sary to call the attention of the banks to the
subject, and to request a more punctual
compliance. This I know do.
"I have also to request, that if there be
any public officer or agent in your vicinity,
who omits to deposit the public moneys
conformably to the above mentioned regu-
lation you will report him, in order that the
proper department may be informed of his
omission, I am, &c.
"WM. H. CRAWFORD.
"To the Cashier of the Bank of Alex'a."
January 21
Mahogany on Sale.
THE subscriber has on hand and offers
for sale 4 or 5000 feet first quality St.
Domingo and Bay MAHOGANY, at the
Baltimore prices for CASH, or to punctual
customers at the usual credit.—Gentlemen
who are building can be supplied with
hand railing cut to any dimensions, at a
short notice—also any orders for furniture
which the subscriber may be favored with,
from persons residing either in town or
the country will be promptly attended to
and executed in a superior style.
ROBT. ABERCROMBIE.
Jan 20 Corner of King and Alfred streets,
Liverpool Salt.
TWO THOUSAND bushels coarse Li-
verpool salt, the cargo of the sloop A-
leric, for sale by LAWSON & FOWLE,
Who have just received 100 boxes fresh
raisins.
January 13
Sugar, Apples, &c.
RECEIVED by the sloop Rising-Sun,
Capt. Smith, from Providence, R. I.
and for sale by
E. CORNING.
Vowels' wharf,
60 bbls brown sugar
5 bbls N. E. rum
2 pipes gin
27 chis cider
50 do apples
70 bushels potatoes
2000 wt. codfish
Jan 4
Cotton.
TWENTY TWO bales excellent qual-
ity Georgia Upland—just received
and for sale by T. H. HOWLAND.
January 4
Notice.
THERE not having been a quorum at
the last annual meeting of the stock-
holders of the Washington and Alexandria
turnpike company to render their proceed-
ings legal, another meeting will take place
at Brown's hotel, in the town of Alexan-
dria, on Monday, the 8th day of February
next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the
purpose of choosing five directors, a clerk
and a treasurer to serve the present year.
By order of the president and directors.
BENJ. C. ASHTON, Clerk.
January 16

Cork Sole Shoes.
HAYES just received a supply of
cork sole, and morocco and leather
thick sole walking shoes, with heels.
Likewise,
A general assortment of other kinds, suit-
able for the season, which are for sale at
low prices for cash.
January 4
Winchester and Alexandria
STAGE.
THE Winchester and Alexandria stage,
in future, will stop at the Indian Queen
Tavern, and will leave said tavern on the
same days as before from the City Hotel—
fare as usual.
Also an accommodation stage will leave
the same tavern for Washington & Geor-
getown every day at 10 o'clock A. M. and
return at 4 P. M.—fare seventy-five cents.
N. B. All baggage in either stage will be
at the risk of the owners.
January 1
Ground Alum, Fine Salt, &c.
NOW landing from schr Geo. Washing-
ton, and sloop Experiment, from Nor-
folk, and for sale by LINDSAY & HILL,
250 sacks fine Liverpool salt
145 do coarse do
1200 bushels do do
35 bbls herrings and
40 dozen corn brooms
January 1
Sugar, &c.
LANDING from the brig Union, capt.
Williams, from Barbadoes, and for
sale by LAWSON & FOWLE,
150 bags white sugars, superior quality
220 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia
duck
200 do heavy and light ravens do
200 do white and brown shirrings
4000 lbs soft shelled almonds.
Jan 1
Spirits, Sugar, &c.
A FEW puncheons of superior quality
Antigua and Jamaica spirits
Superfine Barbadoes sugar, in bbls
Jamaica pimento
Also, a parcel of coco nut—for sale
on liberal terms at No. 99 Union-st.
September 30 N. REILLY
John H. Runnels,
agent for
WILLIAM TRUE, corner of King &
Fairfax streets, informs his friends
and the public, that from the liberal en-
couragement he has received from the ladies
and gentlemen of this town and vicinity,
as well as from strangers who occasionally
resort hither, he intends enlarging his busi-
ness, and has taken pains to procure the
very best of STOCK, also good workmen.
He can assure the public that all orders for
Boots and Shoes,
of every description, will be punctually ex-
ecuted, and the work done in a style not
exceeded by any other factory in the dis-
trict. He has constantly on hand, ready
made, a very extensive assortment of
Boots, Shoes and Pumps,
for ladies and gentlemen, and misses, boys
and children, made in the most approved
style, of the best materials, and by superior
workmen. Those in want of the above ar-
ticles can be fitted as well as though they
had their measure taken, and the work war-
ranted good.
Orders for Boots and Shoes,
will be immediately attended to, and such
varieties sent as invariably to suit the pur-
chasers. Constantly on hand, a very
general assortment of **Northern Boots and
Shoes,** wholesale and retail, at low prices.
November 18 dtf
Just Received,
BY late arrivals from New-York, Boston
and Portland, a large assortment of
goods, comprising the following articles,
viz:
3 Grecian sofas, good quality
3 small side boards
26 dozen chairs, different kinds
12 bureaus
1 case sup, quality looking glasses
Work and light stands
20 dozen common brooms
10 plated harnesses
Also, by schooner Stag, from Baltimore,
35 logs St. Domingo mahogany
In Store,
25 logs do and a large assortment of
furniture.—For sale by
SAMUEL WARD,
Lower end of Prince-street.
Furniture made and repaired, as
usual.
December 15
Bolting Cloths.
THE subscriber has this day received, a
large and elegant assortment of Bolt-
ing Cloths, of a superior quality, which
will be offered for sale at the store of
Messrs. Butts & Cawood, King-street,
Alex'ia, where he intends keeping a com-
plete assortment in future.
Sept 6 AMOS ALEXANDER.
Western Money.
A FEW thousand dollars of Kentucky,
Ohio, and Pennsylvania bank notes
for sale at a liberal discount, well worth the
attention of drovers and others. Apply at
my Exchange Banking House and Broker's
Office, Bridge-street, Georgetown.
December 10 ROMULUS RIGGS.
Valuable Property.
FOR sale—That commodious three story
brick house on King-street; now in the
occupancy of Mr. John Roberts.—Also
three Lots adjoining, with the improve-
ments thereon.—That elegant Grass Lot,
late the property of Mr. James Anderson,
containing 2 3/4-16ths acre.—And the
fishing, sales, anchors, cables, spars & wa-
ter-casks of the barque Mary, in parcels, or
the whole to suit purchasers.
Oct 31 JOSEPH SMITH.
Barn Landing Fishery.
I WILL rent this excellent fishery, for 5
years or less; application can be made
to me personally or by letter, addressed to
Fobick Church, Fairfax Co. Va. It will be
useless to offer less than 300 dollars, that
sum having already been refused.
GEORGE MASON,
Gunston, October 5
December 17 WM. B. STUART.
d3m

SALES AT AUCTION.
By P. G. MARSTELLER.
THIS DAY, at 11 A. M.
Will be sold at Irvin's wharf, on a liberal
credit, for approved notes
12 bbls first quality Barbadoes sugar.
On TUESDAY, at 10 A. M.
At the auction store, corner of Prince and
Water Streets, will be sold,
Superfine and fine cloths
Casimeres
Coatings
Flannels
Negro cottons
Telaase cloths
Rose and striped blankets
Flannels
Dimities
Calicoes
Shirting cottons
Cloth shawls
Domestic cottons &c.
Also,
1 pipe Holland gin
10 boxes mould candles
24 boxes figs
10 boxes segars
A few elegant japanned waiters
Tables, chairs, beds, &c. &c.
January 29
Salt.
TEN THOUSAND bushels of Liver-
pool coarse—Cadiz and Curke Island
salt, received per brig Benefactor and
Dove, and schur Virginia Ann, and for sale
by M. Miller & Son, or
Jan 22 T. H. HOWLAND.
Notice.
THE subscriber gives notice that he has
withdrawn from the concern of Messrs.
Faxon, Metcalf & Co. and does not con-
sider himself any longer a partner of that
concern. Mr. Dwight Metcalf, one of the
said firm, has the necessary funds to dis-
charge any claims that may exist against
the concern. JOSEPH BAXTER, junr
January 5
New Books.
FOR sale at the commission bookstore of
R. GRAY.
A new work on Farriery; 1 vol. octavo,
bound, 2 dols.
The Christian Economy; a valuable fit-
tle work, said to be translated from the
original Greek of an old manuscript found in
the Island of Patmos, where St. John wrote
his book of the Revelations. Price, half
bound, 375 cents.
ON HAND.
A good supply of Writing and Letter
paper.
November 18
Engineer Department,
Washington, Dec. 2, 1818.
SEALED proposals will be received at
this department until 28th February,
1819, for delivering at Old Point Comfort,
Chesapeake Bay, 8p. o'w perches of Build-
ing Stone, and 3000 tons of White Free
Stone, of the most durable quality; to be
delivered before the first day of January,
1821. (Signed) W. K. ARMISTEAD,
Lieut. Col. Commandant Engineers.
December 5 2m
Notice.
THE public are hereby informed, the
House of Industry establishment, cor-
ner of Pitt and Prince streets, will go into
operation this day, for the delivery of soup,
as usual, to the poor, from 1 o'clock until
3, when donations from the benevolent will
be most thankfully received, either in mo-
ney, wood, vegetables, or articles of cloth-
ing, which will be faithfully applied.
Application for tickets for the delivery
of the soup, will have to be made, by per-
sons residing in the 1st Ward—to John Har-
per, from the east side of Fairfax-street to
the river; Charles Page, from the west
side of Fairfax-street to the east of Pitt-
street.
2d Ward—Guy Atkinson, from the east
side of Fairfax street to the River; Ber-
nard Bryan, from the west side of Fairfax
street to the east side of Pitt street.
3d Ward—Isaac Robbins, from the west
side of Pitt street to the east side of Colum-
bus street; Anthony Crease, from the west
side of Columbus street to the extent of the
corporation.
4th Ward—Jonathan Janney from the
west side of Pitt street, to the east side of
Alfred street—and from the east side of
Alfred street to the extent of the corpora-
tion.
Great care will be taken to make the
Soup clean and good for family use, and
will be sold as usual, at 6 cents per quart.
ANTHONY CREASE.
L. Masterson,
BOOT AND SHOE-MAKER,
RETURNS his grateful thanks to his
friends and the public in general, for the
liberal patronage he has received in his
line of business, and hopes they will con-
tinue it. He has on hand a good assort-
ment of the best Philadelphia leather, which
he intends manufacturing in the best man-
ner; for neatness and durability it will be
excelled by none. He has on hand a good
assortment of
Boots, Booties and Shoes,
which he will sell on reasonable terms for
cash, or to punctual customers at the usual
credit, at his old stand opposite the Gazette
office, Royal-street.
N. B. Two boys of good disposition
would be taken as apprentices to the above
business. Those from the country would
be preferred.
August 24
New Livery Stable.
THE subscriber has established, on the
wharf, a stable of horses, and he takes
this method of acquainting the citizens of
Alexandria, particularly those gentlemen
residing on the wharf, that there will be
good saddle horses and carriages always
in constant readiness for those who may
please favor him with their calls.
N. B. Horses will be taken at livery by
the day, week, or month.
WM. B. STUART.
d3m

HOUSES, LANDS &c.

***Building Lots or Sale.**
SUNDY good lots upon Cameron, Pitt and Queen streets, on liberal credit, at reasonable prices to purchasers who would build thereon. For terms enquire of
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
October 13

For Sale or Rent,
THAT valuable property called **CONWAY'S WHARF**, with the Warehouses thereon fronting on Union-street. The warehouses will be rented separately if required. For terms apply to
WM. HERBERT, Jr.
August 25

To Let,
THAT convenient brick house on Royal street, now occupied by Mr. Charles Tyler, possession to be had the 22nd of December next—for terms enquire of
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
November 3

To Rent,
A convenient **BRICK** dwelling house, at the upper end of King-street, suitable for a genteel family. Also two frame dwellings and shops. Apply to
JAMES SANDERSON.
November 12

Houses for Sale.
The premises on the South east corner of King and Henry streets, containing 2 good dwelling houses, with stores ready fitted up for business.
Also, the brick dwelling house and store near to the former, lately in possession of Dennis M. Lyles, &c. for whose time therein, the 7th of Feb. next, it may be rented.
All the above property would be sold upon liberal credit, the payment being secured. Inquire of
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
September 28

Gunston for Sale.
THIS elegant estate is situated on the Potomac, 16 miles below Alexandria—it is bounded on three sides by the Potomac and Potobock creeks; and contains nearly 3,000 acres of land, level and fertile, to which are attached six shade and herring fisheries, two of which command the river channel. This land will be laid off in four tracts, so as to have one or more fisheries to each; these tracts will be again divided if requisite. This estate is level and beautifully situated, very fertile, and remarkably healthy. Plaster acts with an effect equal to that of any part of Virginia or Pennsylvania—I have used 500 bushels in twelve months, and such is its beneficial operation, that were I to keep this land I should considerably increase the quantity. A manufacturing mill is distant about two miles on a stream navigable for vessels carrying 1200 bushels of wheat, where the Baltimore and Dist. of Columbia prices are given for grain being bounded on 3 sides by water, a small extent only of fence is necessary to inclose the whole; it would be admirably adapted to grazing. The improvements are a large and very substantial brick mansion, 40 by 70 feet, with every necessary out-house, three commodious barns, houses for Negroes, and fish houses at each of the fisheries. 120,000 bricks and 1000 bushels of lime are just burnt on the premises. There is a considerable extent of live fence, both useful and ornamental, two orchards of well selected apples and peach, besides an abundance of other choice fruit. More than 150 acres are in clover, 200 in corn, and land is in preparation for sowing 250 bushels of small grain. Any quantity of hay can be cut from the low grounds, some of which (and all might) have been reclaimed at a trifling expense. The river and creeks, abound with wild fowl, particularly canvas backs, the woods with deer and a variety of other game. Mules, cattle, highly improved sheep, farming utensils and household furniture can be had. The terms of sale will be accommodating. Property in any of the cities, negroes, bank stock, western lands, or lands near the Potomac, will be taken in payment.—Letters must be addressed to me at Potobock Church, Fairfax county, Virginia.
September 4 **GEORGE MASON.**

Valuable Property for Sale.
THE subscriber is desirous of selling a handsomely situated farm, on Hunting creek, in Fairfax county Virginia, adjoining the Mount Vernon estate, and the lands of general Thompson, containing about 240 acres, 80 of which are in wood—40 to 50 in thriving meadow of clover and timothy—a part of the residue recently seeded with wheat and rye, and clover, last spring—the whole enclosed with a new post and rail fence.—The improvements are, a comfortable and convenient frame dwelling-house and kitchen, smoke house, poultry house, granary and stables.—There is on this place a rich and productive garden, and a large body of marsh meadow, from which may be saved annually 100 tons of hay, nearly as nutritious as the best timothy or clover.—With the farm would be sold a number of very valuable horses, cows and sheep; waggon, carts, and a variety of farming utensils and household and kitchen furniture; corn, oats and rye, and 40 tons hay. Also, adjoining the one above described, a farm containing 160 acres, recently enclosed, on which is a brick house, with a trifling expense, a considerable part might be easily converted into meadow.—It would be sold with the other or separately.—Also, a number of valuable servants, male and female. To prevent unnecessary application, he would observe, that they will only be sold to persons residing in the District or its vicinity, and not to be carried from it. The subscriber will also sell the greater part of his household furniture, which is new and handsome. For terms of sale or any part of the above property, apply to **NORLET HERBERT, Esq.** or **FRANCIS ADAMS, Jr.**

For Rent.
A very convenient dwelling house on the lower part of Royal-st. adjoining the house now occupied by Mr. Genereux. Possession may be had immediately.
January 1 **JOHN T. BROOKS.**

For Rent,
A convenient two story framed dwelling house, pleasantly situated, between Water and Gibson streets. Possession will be given immediately. For terms apply to
ROBERT HUNTER.
January 2

Aromatic Snuff,
For Catarrh Headache.

THIS Snuff, as celebrated for its agreeable fragrance as for its efficacy in the cure of recent catarrh and slow nervous headache, is used and approved by the present professor of chemistry in the university of Cambridge, Mass. and by some of the most respectable gentlemen of the faculty in the United States.—It is also particularly recommended by Dr. Waterhouse, late professor of the theory and practice of physic, in the above seminary—whose certificate accompanies each bottle.—Sold by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
Sole Agents for Alexandria.
September 24

Marshall's Sale.
BY virtue of a decree of the court of the United States for the fifth circuit in the Virginia district, in a suit in chancery, wherein **Mary Wormeley**, wife of **Hugh Wallace Wormeley**, by **George F. Strother** her next friend, and **John S. Wormeley**, **Mary W. Wormeley**, **Jane B. Wormeley** and **Anne B. Wormeley**, infant children of the said **Mary and Hugh W.** by the said **George F. Strother** their next friend plaintiff, against **Hugh Wallace Wormeley**, **Thomas Sirode**, **Richard Feitch**, **Daniel Castleman**, and **Charles McCormick**, defendants, will be sold at public auction on the third day of February next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, on the premises,
A Tract of Land
containing 300 acres, and also, the reversion of fifty acres adjoining the same tract of 300 acres, lying and being in the county of Frederick and state of Virginia, situate on the north side of the Shenandoah river, and adjoining the said river about two miles below Snickers' ferry—one hundred acres of which is finely timbered, and the whole tract well watered with a never failing spring; the buildings are an excellent dwelling house, with other suitable out-houses, a good barn, corn house, blacksmith's shop, stable, &c. &c.
This land, I am told, has for the last seven years been highly improved with clover and plaster of Paris upon the whole it is considered to be one among the best farms in the county, combining all the advantages of good society, salubrity of climate and fertility of soil. Terms of sale will be as follows: three thousand dollars in cash, or a negotiable note with an endorser or endorser to be approved of by the marshal of the said district, or his deputy who may act, and payable at one of the branches of the Farmers' bank of Virginia at Winchester, and the residue of the purchase money in three equal payments of one, two and three years; the purchaser or purchasers giving bonds and security or securities, to be approved of by the marshal or his deputy, with a deed of trust on the said land so sold, as a further security for the payments of the said bonds.
WILLIAM MANN, D. M.
For **ANDREW MOORE, Marshal.**
Richmond, Dec. 30

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
Philip Triplett and Christopher Neale, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Triplett & Neale, Complainants,
AGAINST
Thomas Vannoy, Joseph Milligan, James B. Holmead, John Withers and Reuben Withers, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of John & Reuben Withers, Robert McCrea and William Gregory, joint merchants and copartners, trading under the firm of Robert McCrea & Co.; Thomas H. Beall, William Cooper; Samuel Lindsay and Laurence Hill, joint merchants and copartners, trading under the firm of Lindsay & Hill; Thomas Janney and John D. Brown, joint merchants and copartners, trading under the firm of Thomas Janney & Co.; Bryan H. Mullin, Bryan Harrison, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Bryan H. Mullin & Co.; Anthony Holmead, John Stettinius, John Ingle and Eleazer Lindsay, under the firm of Ingle & Lindsay, Defendants.

THE defendant Thomas H. Beall, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant, Thomas H. Beall, is not an inhabitant of this District, on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Thomas H. Beall, do appear here on the first day of the next Term, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of said county.
A copy.
Teste, **EDMUND I. LEE, C. C.**
January 22

For Rent.
A very convenient dwelling house on the lower part of Royal-st. adjoining the house now occupied by Mr. Genereux. Possession may be had immediately.
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For Rent,
A convenient two story framed dwelling house, pleasantly situated, between Water and Gibson streets. Possession will be given immediately. For terms apply to
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January 2

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For Catarrh Headache.

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A Tract of Land
containing 300 acres, and also, the reversion of fifty acres adjoining the same tract of 300 acres, lying and being in the county of Frederick and state of Virginia, situate on the north side of the Shenandoah river, and adjoining the said river about two miles below Snickers' ferry—one hundred acres of which is finely timbered, and the whole tract well watered with a never failing spring; the buildings are an excellent dwelling house, with other suitable out-houses, a good barn, corn house, blacksmith's shop, stable, &c. &c.
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For **ANDREW MOORE, Marshal.**
Richmond, Dec. 30

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
Philip Triplett and Christopher Neale, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Triplett & Neale, Complainants,
AGAINST
Thomas Vannoy, Joseph Milligan, James B. Holmead, John Withers and Reuben Withers, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of John & Reuben Withers, Robert McCrea and William Gregory, joint merchants and copartners, trading under the firm of Robert McCrea & Co.; Thomas H. Beall, William Cooper; Samuel Lindsay and Laurence Hill, joint merchants and copartners, trading under the firm of Lindsay & Hill; Thomas Janney and John D. Brown, joint merchants and copartners, trading under the firm of Thomas Janney & Co.; Bryan H. Mullin, Bryan Harrison, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Bryan H. Mullin & Co.; Anthony Holmead, John Stettinius, John Ingle and Eleazer Lindsay, under the firm of Ingle & Lindsay, Defendants.

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
John & Wright Soutgate, Complainants,
AGAINST
Thomas Swann, Colin Auld and Edmund I. Lee, assignees of the late Merchants' Bank of Alexandria; and John Anderson, James Anderson, Daniel Annin, Samuel Beall, William H. S. Boswell, Edmund Brook, Benjamin Baden, Thomas K. Bealle, James Blaxham, George Bruce, junior, Richard Wood, Thomas Cookendörfer, Hugh Carlin, Daniel Caywood, Samuel Chester, John Corse and Nathaniel Rounsavell, trading under the firm of Corse & Rounsavell; George Coleman, John Cohagen, James H. Dulany, Camillus Griffith, Nimrod Farrow, Robert Getty, Peter Heiskell, J. Hagerty, junior, Robert Hall, John Jackson, Alexander Kyle, John McPherson and Daniel McPherson, late joint merchants and copartners, under the firm of John McPherson & Son; Daniel McPherson, Charles Moxley, Alexander Moore, Thomas Mount, James R. Riddle, administrator of Ferdinand Marsteller; Joseph Mandeville, Joseph Mandeville and Samuel B. Larmour, joint merchants and copartners, under the firm of Mandeville & Larmour; Robert Mandeville and James Mandeville, joint merchants and copartners, under the firm of Robert & James Mandeville; William N. Mills, Robert A. Mills, Thomas Pickerville, Craven T. Peyton, Noble Herber, administrator of William Paton, junior; Thomas Neill, Thomas Olive, James R. Riddle, Nathaniel Rounsavell, Thomas Rigdon, Peter Saunders, Daniel Somers, James S. Scott, John A. Stewart, William Smith, Thomas Semmes, Thomson Simpson, Evan P. Taylor, William A. Linton, executor of William Tyler; Ambrose Vase, Robert N. Windsor, Robert Young, Cave Withers, Richard Wells, the Mechanics' Bank of Alexandria, the Bank of Washington, Bank of the Metropolis, the Bank of Georgetown, Central Bank of Baltimore, the Bank of Chambersburg, Bank of Waterford, the Bank of Winchester, Defendants.

THE defendants John Anderson, Daniel Annin, Sam'l. Bealle, Edmund Brooke, Thomas Cookendörfer, Daniel Chester, James H. Dulany, Nimrod Farrow, Robert Getty, Peter Heiskell, J. Hagerty, junior, Alexander Kyle, John McPherson, Charles Moxley, Thos. Pickerville, Thos. Neille, Thomas Olive, Thomas Rigdon, William Smith, Thomson Simpson, William A. Linton, Richard Wells, the President and Directors of the Franklin Bank of Baltimore, the President and Directors of the Bank of Chambersburg, the President and Directors of the Bank of Waterford, and the President and Directors of the Bank of Winchester, not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, upon affidavit, that the said defendants John Anderson, Daniel Annin, Samuel Bealle, Edmund Brooke, Thomas Cookendörfer, Daniel Chester, James H. Dulany, Nimrod Farrow, Robert Getty, Peter Heiskell, J. Hagerty, junr. Alexander Kyle, John McPherson, Charles Moxley, Thomas Pickerville, Thomas Neille, Thomas Olive, Thomas Rigdon, William Smith, Thomson Simpson, William A. Linton, Richard Wells, the President and Directors of the Franklin Bank of Baltimore, the President and Directors of the Bank of Chambersburg, the President and Directors of the Bank of Waterford, and the President and Directors of the Bank of Winchester, are not inhabitants of this District—on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said absent defendants do appear here on the first day of the next Term, and enter their appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the Court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for 2 months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of said county.
A copy.
Teste, **EDMUND I. LEE, C. C.**
January 23

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
The Mechanics' Bank of Alexandria, Complainants,
AGAINST
Thomas W. Peyton and William H. Dundass, Defendants.

THE defendant Thomas W. Peyton not having entered his appearance to this suit, and given security according to the statute and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant Thomas W. Peyton, is not an inhabitant of this District—on motion of the said complainants, by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Thomas W. Peyton, do appear here on the first day of the next Term, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant, William H. Dundass, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant, Thomas W. Peyton, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of said county.
A copy.
Teste, **EDMUND I. LEE, C. C.**
January 22

To Ship-owners.
MASTERS OF VESSELS & OTHERS.
THE subscriber (late from England) makes his services to clean and repair all sorts of Ship's Compasses, Quadrants, Sextants, &c. in the best manner, at his house on Prince-street, between Pitt and St. Asaph streets.
Oct 31 **DANIEL MUNKO.**

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
Mark Butts and Gratton Cawood, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Butts & Cawood, Complainants,
AGAINST
Thomas Roberts, William Paton, Jonathan Butcher, and John B. Paton, the three last joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Paton & Butcher; and Richard Libby, and John Massie & Company, Defendants.

THE defendant Thomas Roberts not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of the Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, upon affidavit, that the said Thomas Roberts is not an inhabitant of this District—on motion of said complainants, by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Thomas Roberts, do appear here on the first day of the next term, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the Court; and that the other defendants, Paton & Butcher, Richard Libby, and John Massie & Company, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands, belonging to the said absent defendant, Thomas Roberts, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of said county.
A copy.
Teste, **EDMUND I. LEE, C. C.**
January 22

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
Mark Butts and Gratton Cawood, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Butts & Cawood, Complainants,
AGAINST
Thomas Roberts, William Paton, Jonathan Butcher, and John B. Paton, the three last joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Paton & Butcher; and Richard Libby, and John Massie & Company, Defendants.

THE defendant Thomas Roberts not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of the Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, upon affidavit, that the said Thomas Roberts is not an inhabitant of this District—on motion of said complainants, by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Thomas Roberts, do appear here on the first day of the next term, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the Court; and that the other defendants, Paton & Butcher, Richard Libby, and John Massie & Company, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands, belonging to the said absent defendant, Thomas Roberts, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of said county.
A copy.
Teste, **EDMUND I. LEE, C. C.**
January 22

Wheat.
I wish to purchase several thousand bushels of wheat, for which a liberal price will be given.
9th mo. 16. **THOMAS V. HUCK.**

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
Thomson Mason, Complainant,
AGAINST
Thomas Swann, Colin Auld, and Edmund I. Lee, assignees of the late Merchants' Bank of Alexandria; and John Anderson, James Anderson, Daniel Annin, Samuel Beall, William H. S. Boswell, Edmund Brook, Benjamin Baden, Thomas K. Bealle, James Blaxham, George Bruce, junior, Richard Wood, Thomas Cookendörfer, Hugh Carlin, Daniel Caywood, Samuel Chester, John Corse and Nathaniel Rounsavell, trading under the firm of Corse & Rounsavell; George Coleman, John Cohagen, James H. Dulany, Camillus Griffith, Nimrod Farrow, Robert Getty, Peter Heiskell, J. Hagerty, junior, Robert Hall, John Jackson, Alexander Kyle, John McPherson and Daniel McPherson, late joint merchants and copartners, under the firm of John McPherson & Son; Daniel McPherson, Charles Moxley, Alexander Moore, Thomas Mount, James R. Riddle, administrator of Ferdinand Marsteller; Joseph Mandeville, Joseph Mandeville and Samuel B. Larmour, joint merchants and copartners, under the firm of Mandeville & Larmour; Robert Mandeville and James Mandeville, joint merchants and copartners, under the firm of Robert & James Mandeville; William N. Mills, Robert A. Mills, Thomas Pickerville, Craven T. Peyton, Noble Herber, administrator of William Paton, junior; Thomas Neill, Thomas Olive, James R. Riddle, Nathaniel Rounsavell, Thomas Rigdon, Peter Saunders, Daniel Somers, James S. Scott, John A. Stewart, William Smith, Thomas Semmes, Thomson Simpson, Evan P. Taylor, William A. Linton, executor of William Tyler; Ambrose Vase, Robert N. Windsor, Robert Young, Cave Withers, Richard Wells, the Mechanics' Bank of Alexandria, the Bank of Washington, Bank of the Metropolis, the Bank of Georgetown, Central Bank of Baltimore, the Bank of Chambersburg, Bank of Waterford, the Bank of Winchester, Defendants.

THE defendant Catherine F. McCall not having entered her appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant, Catherine F. McCall, is not an inhabitant of this District—on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Catherine F. McCall, do appear here on the first day of the next Term, and enter her appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants, John Creighton & Company, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Catherine F. McCall, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of the said county.
A copy.
Teste, **EDMUND I. LEE, C. C.**
January 25

PROPOSALS
BY **JOSEPH M. SANDERSON,**
for publishing by subscription,
A BIOGRAPHY OF THE SIGNERS
TO THE
Declaration of Independence;
ACCOMPANIED WITH PLATES:
To which will be annexed a history of the proceedings of congress during the passage of the Law, and the Declaration itself, with fac-simile engravings of the signatures.
By **PAUL ALLEN, Esq.**
TO THE PUBLIC.

IT seems a little surprising that amongst so many subjects as have been presented for American Biography, the lives of those who have affixed their signatures to the Declaration of Independence have been overlooked or disregarded. The eyes of thousands have dwelt with rapture upon the document that announced to the world that these United Colonies were, and of right ought to be, free, sovereign, and independent states; while we are better acquainted with the handwriting than with the characters of many of those illustrious men who have added their signatures to that instrument. The founders of the only remaining republic on the globe, have, with a few splendid exceptions, gone to their graves, and it behoves a generous posterity, sensible of their obligations, to preserve their fame. The longer we neglect the payment of so sacred a debt, the more difficult does the payment become.—Traits of individual character are fugitive and evanescent; and if they are not snatched by the hand of the Biographic Muse, at an early season, from the cold grasp of death, will soon partake of the oblivion of the body. It is not the object of the present attempt, to deal in that profusion of indiscriminate and unsparing panegyric, so often and so falsely dignified with the name of Biography: we wish to represent the characters as they were; they stand in need of no panegyric; and we earnestly solicit from the surviving relations and friends of those revolutionary patriots all the information that will tend to a development of character. Man is the creature of circumstance, and we wish to show the progress of those patriots from their first resistance of colonial aggression, until they stood forth the noble and undaunted champions of their country's independence. All this can only be done by a familiar acquaintance with the lives of these men, and whoever of the surviving friends or relatives will furnish facts and circumstances in their possession to unfold and illustrate their characters, shall be entitled to a copy of the work as a recompense. It is contemplated, wherever it is practicable, further to embellish the mediated work with correct likenesses of the subjects of our biography, executed by the most eminent artists in the country. For this purpose we again solicit the assistance of their surviving relatives and friends. If they will transmit to the publisher any engraving or portrait from which a copy may be taken, the original shall be faithfully returned, and shall likewise be remunerated with a copy of the work. In the first number it is proposed to give an account of the Declaration of Independence, from the first motion that was made on the floor of congress until its final passage into a law; a period embracing much curious and secret history: finally, we promise to add to our last number the Declaration of Independence itself, with fac-simile engravings of the signatures. We have now compendiously stated the objects of our present undertaking, and we hope that it will be unnecessary to mention that no exertions on our part shall be spared.

The public are now in possession of our project, which does indeed seem to be demanded by the avidity so recently displayed for the possession of the Declaration of Independence, since it is of very little import to become acquainted with a man's hand writing without a previous knowledge of the man. The secret history of our Declaration of Independence, the lives of those who have affixed their signatures to that instrument, accompanied by their likenesses, and finally the Declaration itself with fac-simile of the signatures, will bring into one compact view the prominent facts of that interesting crisis.

CONDITIONS.
I. The work will be published in numbers, or half volumes, of 150 pages octavo, and will be contained in ten numbers.
II. It will be printed on fine paper made expressly for the purpose, and delivered to subscribers at two dollars and fifty cents per half volume or number, payable on delivery.
III. Subscriptions will be received at the office of the Alexandria Gazette.
December 29

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
Mark Butts and Gratton Cawood, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Butts & Cawood, Complainants,
AGAINST
Thomas Roberts, William Paton, Jonathan Butcher, and John B. Paton, the three last joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Paton & Butcher; and Richard Libby, and John Massie & Company, Defendants.

THE defendant Thomas Roberts not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of the Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, upon affidavit, that the said Thomas Roberts is not an inhabitant of this District—on motion of said complainants, by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Thomas Roberts, do appear here on the first day of the next term, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the Court; and that the other defendants, Paton & Butcher, Richard Libby, and John Massie & Company, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands, belonging to the said absent defendant, Thomas Roberts, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of said county.
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November Term,
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AGAINST
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Wheat.
I wish to purchase several thousand bushels of wheat, for which a liberal price will be given.
9th mo. 16. **THOMAS V. HUCK.**

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
James Sanderson, Complainant,
AGAINST
Catherine F. McCall, and John Creighton and William Githam, the two last under the firm of John Creighton & Company, Defendants.

THE defendant Catherine F. McCall not having entered her appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant, Catherine F. McCall, is not an inhabitant of this District—on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Catherine F. McCall, do appear here on the first day of the next Term, and enter her appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants, John Creighton & Company, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Catherine F. McCall, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of the said county.
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TO THE PUBLIC.

IT seems a little surprising that amongst so many subjects as have been presented for American Biography, the lives of those who have affixed their signatures to the Declaration of Independence have been overlooked or disregarded. The eyes of thousands have dwelt with rapture upon the document that announced to the world that these United Colonies were, and of right ought to be, free, sovereign, and independent states; while we are better acquainted with the handwriting than with the characters of many of those illustrious men who have added their signatures to that instrument. The founders of the only remaining republic on the globe, have, with a few splendid exceptions, gone to their graves, and it behoves a generous posterity, sensible of their obligations, to preserve their fame. The longer we neglect the payment of so sacred a debt, the more difficult does the payment become.—Traits of individual character are fugitive and evanescent; and if they are not snatched by the hand of the Biographic Muse, at an early season, from the cold grasp of death, will soon partake of the oblivion of the body. It is not the object of the present attempt, to deal in that profusion of indiscriminate and unsparing panegyric, so often and so falsely dignified with the name of Biography: we wish to represent the characters as they were; they stand in need of no panegyric; and we earnestly solicit from the surviving relations and friends of those revolutionary patriots all the information that will tend to a development of character. Man is the creature of circumstance, and we wish to show the progress of those patriots from their first resistance of colonial aggression, until they stood forth the noble and undaunted champions of their country's independence. All this can only be done by a familiar acquaintance with the lives of these men, and whoever of the surviving friends or relatives will furnish facts and circumstances in their possession to unfold and illustrate their characters, shall be entitled to a copy of the work as a recompense. It is contemplated, wherever it is practicable, further to embellish the mediated work with correct likenesses of the subjects of our biography, executed by the most eminent artists in the country. For this purpose we again solicit the assistance of their surviving relatives and friends. If they will transmit to the publisher any engraving or portrait from which a copy may be taken, the original shall be faithfully returned, and shall likewise be remunerated with a copy of the work. In the first number it is proposed to give an account of the Declaration of Independence, from the first motion that was made on the floor of congress until its final passage into a law; a period embracing much curious and secret history: finally, we promise to add to our last number the Declaration of Independence itself, with fac-simile engravings of the signatures. We have now compendiously stated the objects of our present undertaking, and we hope that it will be unnecessary to mention that no exertions on our part shall be spared.

The public are now in possession of our project, which does indeed seem to be demanded by the avidity so recently displayed for the possession of the Declaration of Independence, since it is of very little import to become acquainted with a man's hand writing without a previous knowledge of the man. The secret history of our Declaration of Independence, the lives of those who have affixed their signatures to that instrument, accompanied by their likenesses, and finally the Declaration itself with fac-simile of the signatures, will bring into one compact view the prominent facts of that interesting crisis.

CONDITIONS.
I. The work will be published in numbers, or half volumes, of 150 pages octavo, and will be contained in ten numbers.
II. It will be printed on fine paper made expressly for the purpose, and delivered to subscribers at two dollars and fifty cents per half volume or number, payable on delivery.
III. Subscriptions will be received at the office of the Alexandria Gazette.
December 29

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
Mark Butts and Gratton Cawood, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Butts & Cawood, Complainants,
AGAINST
Thomas Roberts, William Paton, Jonathan Butcher, and John B. Paton, the three last joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Paton & Butcher; and Richard Libby, and John Massie & Company, Defendants.

THE defendant Thomas Roberts not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of the Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, upon affidavit, that the said Thomas Roberts is not an inhabitant of this District—on motion of said complainants, by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Thomas Roberts, do appear here on the first day of the next term, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the Court; and that the other defendants, Paton & Butcher, Richard Libby, and John Massie & Company, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands, belonging to the said absent defendant, Thomas Roberts, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of said county.
A copy.
Teste, **EDMUND I. LEE, C. C.**
January 22

District of Columbia.
County of Alexandria, to wit: } 1818.
November Term,
IN CHANCERY.
Mark Butts and Gratton Cawood, joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Butts & Cawood, Complainants,
AGAINST
Thomas Roberts, William Paton, Jonathan Butcher, and John B. Paton, the three last joint merchants and copartners in trade, under the firm of Paton & Butcher; and Richard Libby, and John Massie & Company, Defendants.

Wheat.
I wish to purchase several thousand bushels of wheat, for which a liberal price will be given.
9th mo. 16. **THOMAS V. HUCK.**

Alexandria.
Vol. XIX.]

Liverpool Salt and C.
FOR SALE, the cargo of the ship **W. Crabtree**, of Liverpool, of salt and coal.
LAWSON & F.
For Freight,
The ship **HAZARD**, built in England, is in complete order, and to load as soon as her present cargo is discharged. Apply as above.
January 19